Office of the First Appellate Authority/SPL Secretary (RTI 2005)
(Under the Right to Information Act, 2005)
Department of Food, Supplies & Consumer Affairs
'C' Block, Room No.118, 1st Floor, Vikas Bhawan, I.P. Estate, New Delhi-110 002
Government of NCT of Delhi
No.RTI (Appeal)/I.D-06/2017/FDA/AAHQ/F&SI/81-84 Dated: 08/04/17


V/s
PIO i.e. Assistant Commissioner (South), Food Supplies & Consumer Affairs Department

Date of hearing: 27.04.2017

ORDER

The appellant Sh. Nasir Khanhas filed an application under RTI Act, 2005 before the PIO i.e. AC (S) Food & Supplies Department on 27-02-17. Reply was given on 23-03-17. The Appellant has filed the present appeal dated 13/04/2017 aggrieved by non-furnishing of satisfactory information/reply by the PIO with regard to aforesaid RTI application.

Applicant Sh: Nasir Khan present. Present Smt. Sangita Vashisht, FSO, Circle-45/46 for AC(South).

As per RTI Act Sec.2 (i) definition of Information is as under:

"Information" means any material in any form, including Records, Documents, Memos, e-mails, Opinions, Advices, Press releases, Circulars, Orders, Logbooks, Contracts, Reports, Papers, Samples, Models, Data material held in any electronic form and information relating to any private body which can be accessed by a Public Authority under any other law for the time being in force.

"Records" is defined as U/S 2(i) of the RTI Act, 2005 includes:

A any document, manuscript and file;
B any microfilm, microfiche and facsimile copy of a document;
C any reproduction of image or images embodied in such microfilm (whether enlarged or not); and
D any other material produced by a computer or any other device.

As per RTI Act Sec.2(j), "Right to information" means the right to information accessible under this Act which is held by or under control of any public authority and includes the right to:

(i) Inspection of work, documents, records;
(ii) Taking notes, extracts or certified copies of documents or records;
(iii) Taking certified samples of material;
(iv) Obtaining information in the form of diskettes, floppies, tapes, video cassettes or in any other electronic mode or through printouts where such information is stored in a computer or in any other device.

The undersigned has gone through the information asked by the Appellant. Matter heard, considering all the facts i.e., RTI application, appeal application and documents on record. Ends of justice would be met if the file inspection is allowed to the applicant by the PIO i.e. AC(S) within 15 days of receipt of this order to quell all doubts in the mind of the applicant. The same was stated in the notice as well dated
18-4-17 which was not complied by the PIO i.e. AC(S). NFS Act also promotes Transparency. Section 14 of the NFS Act desires an internal grievance redressal mechanism be put in place which may include call centres, help lines, designation of nodal officers, or such other mechanism as may be prescribed. Section 12 of the NFS Act states (1) The Central and State Governments shall endeavour to progressively undertake necessary reforms in the Targeted Public Distribution System in consonance with the role envisaged for them in this Act. (2) The reforms shall, inter alia, include full transparency of records. The initiative taken up by the Department to ensure transparency as available on the website of the Department which reads as "SMS ALERTS REGARDING DISPATCH OF RATION TO FPS": Recently in order to computerize Supply Chain Management of PDS operations, sugar canteen module has been implemented in Delhi State Civil Supplies Corporation. SMS alert is being sent to Vigilance Committee headed by the Hon’ble MLA of the area, concerned FSO, Inspectors and card holders who have registered with our website, as and when sugar is dispatched from sugar godown. Anyone can receive SMS pertaining to SMS by registering their mobile number on the following link: http://nfs.delhi.gov.in/Citizen/UpdateMobileNumber.aspx. Section 27 of the NFS Act reads as "All Targeted Public Distribution System related records shall be placed in the public domain and kept open for inspection to the public, in such manner as may be prescribed by the State Government." And Section 28 of the NFS Act reads as "(1) Every local authority, or any other authority or body, as may be authorised by the State Government, shall conduct or cause to be conducted, periodic social audits on the functioning of fair price shops, Targeted Public Distribution System and other welfare schemes, and cause to publicise its findings and take necessary action, in such manner as may be prescribed by the State Government. (2) The Central Government may, if it considers necessary, conduct or cause to be conducted social audit through independent agencies having experience in conducting such audits." Which promotes transparency and accountability as per the NFS Act. This needs to be ensured by the AC being the RO/ITO declared by the CFS. PIO i.e AC(S) is the Record and Transparency Officer as notified by the department (which is also displayed on the website of the department) vide order No.RTI (HQ)/F&S/Misc/2016/1520-1549 dated 18.3.2016 will ensure that the requisite information is furnished to the applicant.

Hence, the case is decided accordingly.

As per section 19 (3) of the Right to Information Act, 2005, the appellant, if not satisfied or does not receive the information/documents from the PIO, may file appeal to the Second Appellate Authority within 90 days of issue of this order, whose particulars are given below:

CENTRAL INFORMATION COMMISSION
2ND FLOOR, 'B' WING, AUGUST KRANTI BHAWAN,
BHAIKAJI CAMA PLACE, NEW DELHI-110 066.

No.RTI (Appeal) I.D-06/2017/FAA/HQ/F&S/ 81-84

Dated: 28/4/17

(Prashant K. Panda)
Controller(W&M)Special
Commissioner(F&S)(Addl.Charge)
First Appellate Authority

Copy to

1. Sh. Nasir Khan, R/o K-315, Sunder Nagar, Delhi-110093
2. PIO i.e. AC(South).

Copy for information to:

Controller(W&M)Special Commissioner(F&S)(Addl.Charge)
First Appellate Authority